HANDOUT 4.5 — COLLABORATIVE PROCESSES

Basic Principles of the Ideal Collaborative Approach

- 1. Initiate the discussion of issues before someone else does
- 2. Get the public involved early
- Recognize that public involvement requires sharing, and/or clarifying decision-making authority
- Get commitment from superiors for sharing authority wherever and whenever possible
- 5. Be inclusive cast the net widely
- 6. Expect distrust
- 7. Inform, but remember that communication is a two-way street
- 8. Use multiple approaches
- 9. Accept and learn from failure

Common Mistakes and Reasons for Failure in Collaborative Processes

- 1. "This issue has a lot of quality requirements; I can't involve the public."
- "I'll figure out the alternatives first, and then I'll see what the public thinks."
- 3. "I'll involve the public through existing organized groups."
- 4. "I've got a time constraint, so I can't involve the public."
- 5. Misunderstanding of participants on their decision making authority, the process, or their role.

From: "Planning for Public Involvement in Decision Making: Strategies for Survival and Success." Training workshop for the Marine Resources Division of the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources, sponsored by NOAA Coastal Services Center. March 1998.

<u>Source</u>: Hinkey, L. and Engleby, Laura (instructors/editors). 2002. Navigating in Rough Seas: Public Policy Issues and Conflict Management. NOAA Coastal Services Center.